CANADIAN LIVER FOUNDATION

LIVERight

Liver-Healthy Shopping Guide

The liver is the world's most efficient battery. It helps power your body by storing and releasing energy when you need it. Your liver plays a key role in converting food into the chemicals essential for life and it is therefore important to make food choices that optimize liver health.

Although there is no specific 'liver health diet', these general guidelines will help ensure that your liver is functioning at its best:

General Guidelines:

- Choose a variety of foods from all four food groups of Canada's Food Guide to Healthy Eating (http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fn-an/food-guide-aliment/index_e.html). Focus on lower fat choices within each food group.
- Eat at least 2 servings from the Meat & Alternatives food group (meat, fish, poultry, peanut butter, dried beans, peas, lentils).
- Eat small regular meals. Do not skip meals or over-eat.
- Drink 6 to 8 glasses of fluids (preferably water) a day.
- Avoid alcohol or if you drink, do not have more than one to two drinks per occasion (and never on a daily basis).
- Consult your doctor if you are considering taking vitamins or herbal supplements. Particular herbal supplements have the potential to cause liver damage and certain vitamins may be harmful to the liver if taken in high doses, particularly vitamin A.
- Choose organic foods whenever possible: The less pesticides/chemicals/antibiotics/hormones, the less your liver has to filter.
- Fresh is generally best e.g. firm and clean, organic and in-season produce
- Wash fruit and vegetables right before use to remove pesticides. Avoid washing too far ahead to reduce sweating/spoilage.
- Maximize fruits and veggies with deep bright pigments such as orange, yellow, red and green colors
- Maximize consumption of raw vegetables with high sulphur content (ex: broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, garlic and onions).
- When cooking vegetables & fruits, steam or bake them: this retains more nutrients than boiling.
- Choose whole-grain products over white/bleached/'refined products.

Healthier Choices:

VEGETABLES	FRUITS
 Carrots Cabbage (red, purple & green cabbage) Peppers (red, green, yellow) Tomatoes Broccoli Brussels sprouts Romaine lettuce Asparagus Spinach Green peas Potatoes/yams Seaweeds/sea vegetables (e.g. Kombu, Arame, Nori, Wakame) 	 Papaya Mangoes Berries Citrus fruits Canned fruit with 'no sugar added' or 'packed in its own juice' Avocado Olives Cantaloupe Apples Kiwi
BAKERY (bread, rolls, pitas, tortillas, bagels etc)	PASTA & NOODLES
 ☐ Whole-grain ☐ Rye ☐ Rice ☐ Pumpernickel ☐ Multi-grain ☐ Stone ground 	 Whole-grain Rice noodles (fresh or dried) Soba or Udon (Japanese noodles) Corn noodles Potato Buckwheat

LÉGUMES	NUTS & SEEDS
 Split peas (green and yellow) Lentils (red and brown) Chick peas Kidney beans Navy beans Black beans Pinto beans 	 Brazil nuts Almonds Cashews Walnuts Hazelnuts Pecans Peanuts
DAIRY & BEVERAGES	MEAT, EGGS & SEAFOOD (preferably free-range/wild)
 Lower or reduced fat milk (skim, 1%, 2%), yogurt and cheese Non-hydrogenated margarine Fortified soy milk Rice milk (un-sweetened) 100% fruit and vegetable juices (fresh/bottled/canned & additive-free) Water (spring, distilled or filtered) Green tea (contains antioxidants) Coffee * * research has shown that drinking coffee can be beneficial for the liver. 	 Chicken (with skin removed) Lamb Lean cuts or lean/extra-lean ground beef or pork Eggs Tuna Salmon Sardines Mackerel Trout Char Herring Shellfish
RICE & GRAINS	OILS (cold pressed virgin, vegetable and seed oils)
 Wheat Couscous Quinoa Buckwheat Rye Barley Oats Bran Brown rice Wild rice Amaranth Kamut 	 Olive Flaxseed Safflower Sunflower Sesame Canola Peanut Soybean Corn
The 'Liver-Healthy Shopping Guide' is not an exhaustive list of healthy health care provider or a registered dietitian.	/ food choices nor is it meant to replace the advice of your

If you have a specific health condition or are looking for nutritional counseling, please consult with your health care provider.

To find a dietitian in your area, visit www.dietitians.ca and search under 'Find a Nutrition Professional' or call your local public health department, hospital or community health centre.

References:

Canada's Food Guide http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fn-an/food-guide-aliment/index_e.html

Dietitians of Canada www.dietitians.ca ("Step Right Up to Healthy Eating: Colour your choices with vegetables and fruit", "Supermarket Smarts!", What is Good and Bad Cholesterol?)

For more information on liver health, please contact the Canadian Liver Foundation at 1-800-563-5483 or visit www.liver.ca