



being alone, sharing with others who understand what one is going through, counteracting the lack of information and the misinformation about endo, and learning from each other.

The Association is an international organization with headquarters in Milwaukee, Wisconsin (USA), members in numerous countries, and activities worldwide. Elected officers guide the Association, with help and suggestions from an advisory board of medical professionals and others. The Association, founded in Milwaukee in 1980 by Mary Lou Ballweg and Carolyn Keith, was the first group in the world dedicated to helping women with endo.

The Support Program provides a range of services to help girls, women, and their families. These services include support groups, counseling/crisis call help, assistance finding knowledgeable doctors, a prescription drug savings plan, EA-Select vitamins and supplements, the topical pain reliever ProSirona, networking, and other help. At the local group level, meetings and activities are planned according to each group's wishes.

The Education Program provides a wide range of literature, books, CDs, DVDs, Internet-based outreach, March Endometriosis Awareness Month, and other educational items to help individuals and the public learn about the disease. Members of the Association receive a popular newsletter covering the latest treatment and research news, as well as Association activities. The Association also provides ongoing help to the media and medical community to aid in the dissemination of accurate information about endometriosis.

Taking charge of your own health is the most important step in coping with endo.

The Association's Research/Translational Medicine Program includes maintaining the world's largest database on the disease, major research partnerships with Vanderbilt University School of Medicine and the U.S. National Institutes of Health, and funding of promising research worldwide. The Association also serves as a clearinghouse for information on the disease and conducts programs to alert healthcare providers about the latest research and clinical findings on endo.

Donations to help continue the work of the Endometriosis Association are very much needed and appreciated.

HOW YOU CAN GET MORE INFORMATION

Contact us—we're here to help! We also invite you to join and be part of our mission to cure and prevent this disease.

A wide variety of informative, accurate, and highly acclaimed literature on endo and related health problems is available to you through the Association. Resources include our third book, *Endometriosis: The Complete Reference for Taking Charge of Your Health*. It is available from the Association for \$15.95 U.S., plus shipping & handling (\$6.75 first class, \$3.00 media rate for U.S. address), or from your local or online bookstore, and on Kindle.

The *Endometriosis Sourcebook*, our second book, is almost 500 pages of authoritative information on endo (now in its seventh printing). It is available from the Association for \$12.95 U.S., plus shipping & handling (\$6.75 first class, \$3.00 media rate for U.S. address), or from your local or online bookstore.

The Association also has available educational CDs and DVDs of speeches by leading experts on the disease, as well as booklets, kits, and newsletters. For a free information packet, including our "Materials to Help You" catalog, call, write, fax, or e-mail the Association, or click on the button "Free Information Packet" on our homepage.

If you have not been diagnosed with endo but wonder if you might have it, you can order the Association's Diagnostic Kit, "How Can I Tell if I Have Endometriosis?" Send \$4.75 U.S. plus \$1.50 for U.S. shipping and handling charges.

(Note: All of the above listed postage rates are for shipping within the U.S. Please contact us for international rates.)

To become a member, go to:

www.EndometriosisAssn.org/membership_cart.html

or fill out the membership form inside and mail it with your dues to:



Endometriosis Association
International Headquarters
8585 N. 76th Place
Milwaukee WI 53223 USA

(414) 355-2200
Fax: (414) 355-6065
1-800-992-3636 (North America)

endo@EndometriosisAssn.org
www.facebook.com/EndoAssn
www.EndometriosisAssn.org

Join Us Today! You'll Be Glad You Did.

This brochure is available in quantity to healthcare providers, hospitals, pharmacies, and women's clinics. Please specify the quantity and language(s) desired. Brochures available in Arabic, Bulgarian, Chinese, Croatian, Danish, Dutch, English, Farsi, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hebrew, Hindi, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Lithuanian, Malay, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Spanish, Swedish, Thai, and Turkish. Preteen and teen versions also available.

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Issued 1980. Revised 1982, 83, 86, 87, 89, 91, 92, 95, 96, 98, 99, 01, 04, 06, 08, 10

The Association was built by the efforts of thousands of volunteers. We need the talents of every member. We hope each member can contribute an hour or two a month – by helping each other we help ourselves!

Yes! I am interested in the following:

- Research efforts (help promote research in various ways)
- Membership (contact new and prospective members)
- Fundraising (for research, education and other efforts)
- Library (help obtain or organize materials)
- Programs (plan and organize programs, assist at educational conferences)
- Community education (outreach, speak to groups, staff booths – training provided)
- Become a Crisis Call Volunteer (handle crisis calls as needed and as your schedule allows – training provided)
- Help with writing resource materials, fact sheets, book reviews or articles for the newsletter
- Ask my healthcare provider to join the Association and/or distribute brochures to his/her patients with endo
- Act as a facilitator for events
- Help local members in need
- Be an Environmental Health Advocate – learn, live healthy, teach others
- Join or help to organize an Outreach Council to help reach and increase awareness of endo (circle one: Asian-American, Black, Canadian, Hispanic, Lesbian, Nursing, Teen, Parent/Family)
- Help in other ways (tell us your skills and interests: _____)

VOLUNTEER CARD

<input type="checkbox"/>	1 year dues \$500 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 year dues \$1,000 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	3 year dues \$135 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	5 year dues \$180 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	Additional charge for international postage: (Canada \$5.00; other countries outside U.S. \$10.00)
<input type="checkbox"/>	TOTAL.....\$

NOTE: FREE BOOK with all dues \$100 and above!
Circle one: Endometriosis Sourcebook or Never Be Sick Again
MEMBER (for those who have or had endo)
ASSOCIATE (for those who have not had endo - scientists, institutions, metered individuals)
CORPORATE
centers, healthcare professionals, institutions, metered individuals, women's

<input type="checkbox"/>	1 year dues \$35 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 year dues \$60 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	3 year dues \$105 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	5 year dues \$140 US
<input type="checkbox"/>	Additional charge for international postage: (Canada \$5.00; other countries outside U.S. \$10.00)
<input type="checkbox"/>	TOTAL.....\$

Please check: I have had endometriosis
 I am willing to serve as a Contact Person - women with endo may contact me to share information and support
 Make checks payable to: Endometriosis Association
8585 N. 76th Place, Milwaukee WI 53233 USA
Card no. VISA MASTERCARD Exp. Date: _____
Phone _____ Email: _____
Zip/Postal Code _____ State/Province _____
City _____ Apt # _____
Street _____ First Name _____
Last Name _____

ENDOMETRIOSIS ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP / DONATION FORM

Menopause also is believed to end the activity of mild or moderate endo, although little research has been done in postmenopausal women. Even after radical surgery or menopause, however, a severe case can be reactivated by estrogen replacement therapy or continued hormone production. Some authorities suggest no estrogen be given for a short time after hysterectomy and removal of the ovaries for endo.

Many complementary treatments, including nutritional approaches, immunotherapy, traditional Chinese medicine, allergy management techniques, and others, are being used by women with endo. A survey of 4,000 women with endo found some of these treatments to be the most successful of all the treatments they had tried. See our books for more information.

LEARNING ABOUT ENDOMETRIOSIS

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TREATMENT Treatment for endo has varied over the years, but no sure cure has yet been found. Hysterectomy and removal of the ovaries has been considered a "definitive" cure, but research by the Association and others has found such a high rate of continuation/recurrence that women need to be aware of steps they can take to protect themselves. (Please see *The Endometriosis Sourcebook* and the chapter on menopause and endo in *Endometriosis: The Complete Reference for Taking Charge of Your Health* for more information.)

Painkillers are usually prescribed for the pain of endo. Treatment with hormones aims to stop ovulation and production of hormones for as long as possible, and can sometimes force the disease into remission during the time of treatment and sometimes for months or years afterward. Hormonal treatments include oral contraceptives, progestrone drugs (including a progestin-releasing IUD), a testosterone derivative (danazol), and GnRH drugs (gonadotropin-releasing hormone drugs). New drugs are being tested. With all hormonal treatments, side effects are a problem for some women.

Because pregnancy often causes a temporary remission of symptoms and because it is believed that infertility is more likely the longer the disease is present, women with endo are often advised not to postpone pregnancy. However, there are numerous problems with the "prescription" of pregnancy to treat endo. The woman might not yet have made a decision about childbearing, certainly one of the most important decisions in life. She might not have critical elements in place to allow for childbearing and child rearing (partner, financial means, etc.).

Other factors may also make the pregnancy decision and experience harder. Women with endo may have higher rates of tubal pregnancy and miscarriage, and one study has found they have more difficult pregnancies and labors. Research also shows there are family links in endo, increasing the risk of endometriosis and related health problems in the children of women with the disease.

Conservative surgery, either major or through the laparoscope, involving removal or destruction of the growths, is a treatment option that can relieve symptoms and allow pregnancy to occur in some cases. As with other treatments, however, recurrences are common. Surgery through the laparoscope (called operative laparoscopy) has rapidly replaced major open abdominal surgery. In operative laparoscopy, surgery is carried out through the laparoscope using laser, electro-surgical equipment, or small surgical instruments. Radical surgery, involving hysterectomy (removal of the uterus) and removal of all growths and ovaries (to prevent further hormonal stimulation), may become necessary in cases of longstanding, troublesome disease.

the laparoscope around the abdomen, the surgeon can check the condition of the abdominal organs and, if careful and thorough, see the growths.

A doctor can sometimes feel implants during a pelvic examination, and symptoms will often indicate endo, but it is not good practice to treat this disease without confirmation of the diagnosis. (Ovarian cancer, for instance, sometimes has the same symptoms.) A laparoscopy also indicates the locations, extent, and size of the growths and may help the doctor and patient make better-informed long-range decisions about treatment and pregnancy. An expert surgeon is required for any endometriosis surgery.

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SYMPTOMS The most common symptoms of endo are pain before and during periods (usually worse than "normal" menstrual cramps), pain during or after sexual activity, fatigue, infertility, and heavy bleeding. Other symptoms may include painful bowel movements with periods, lower back pain with periods, and diarrhea and/or constipation and other intestinal upset with periods. Many women with endo also experience a range of immune disorders, including allergies, asthma, eczema, and certain autoimmune diseases. Infertility affects about 30-40% of women with endo and is a common result with progression of the disease.

The amount of pain is not necessarily related to the extent or size of the growths. Tiny growths (called "petechiae") have been found to be more active in producing prostaglandins, which may explain the significant symptoms that often seem to occur with small implants. Prostaglandins are substances produced throughout the body, involved in numerous functions, and thought to cause many of the symptoms of endo.

THEORIES ABOUT THE CAUSE OF ENDOMETRIOSIS

The cause of endo is not known with certainty, but a number of theories have been advanced. One theory is the retrograde menstruation or transtubal migration theory. According to this theory, during menstruation, some of the menstrual tissue backs up through the fallopian tubes, implants in the abdomen, and grows. Research shows most, if not all, women experience some menstrual tissue backup, so experts believe that an immune system problem and/or hormonal problem allows this tissue to take root and grow in women who develop endo.

Another theory suggests that the tissue is distributed from the uterus to other parts of the body through the lymph or blood. A genetic theory suggests that certain families may have predisposing factors for the disease. Yet another theory suggests that remnants of tissue from when the woman was an embryo may later develop into endo or that some adult tissues retain the ability they had in the embryo stage to transform into reproductive tissue under certain circumstances. Surgical transplantation has also been cited as a cause in cases where endo is found in abdominal surgery scars. However, endo has also been found in such scars when direct accidental implantation seems unlikely.

Research spearheaded by the Association since 1992 has shown that environmental toxins such as dioxin and PCBs, which act like hormones in the body and damage the immune system, can cause endometriosis. Dioxins are highly toxic chemicals which come from production and use of pesticides and herbicides; and from municipal, medical, and hazardous waste incineration; chemical and plastics manufacturing, and pulp and paper production. Dioxins readily concentrate in the food chain, contaminating animals and fish; thus food is the primary source of dioxin exposure for humans.

DIAGNOSIS

Diagnosis of endo is generally considered uncertain until proven by laparoscopy. Laparoscopy is a surgical procedure done under anesthesia. The patient's abdomen is distended with carbon dioxide gas to make the organs easier to see, and a laparoscope (a tube with a light in it) is inserted into a tiny incision in the abdomen. By moving

HOW THE ENDOMETRIOSIS ASSOCIATION CAN HELP

The Endometriosis Association is a self-help organization of women and families with endo, doctors and scientists, and others interested in exchanging information about the disease, offering mutual support and help to those affected by endo, educating the public and medical community about the disease, and promoting and conducting research related to endo. Those affected by the disease help each other by ending the feeling of